

MALCEV'S PROBLEMS, WEAK SECOND ORDER LOGIC, AND BI-INTERPRETABILITY

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Malcev's problems on definable subgroups of a free non-abelian group F were solved a few years ago by Kharlampovich and Miasnikov and also by Perin, Pillay, Sklinos, and Tent.

It turned out that only cyclic subgroups are definable proper subgroups of F . Similar results hold for torsion-free hyperbolic groups. On the other hand, in finitely generated abelian groups only subgroups of finite index and the trivial subgroup are definable. One may consider the following question: what are finitely generated infinite groups where all finitely generated subgroups are definable? Furthermore, are there any interesting infinite groups G where finitely generated subgroups are uniformly definable, i.e., for each natural n there exists a first-order formula $D_n(x, y_1, \dots, y_n)$ such that for any elements $g_1, \dots, g_n \in G$ the formula $D_n(x, g_1, \dots, g_n)$ defines in G the subgroup generated by g_1, \dots, g_n ? Surprisingly, there is a wide variety of finitely generated infinite groups with uniformly definable subgroups. Such questions are part of a much bigger problem about the expressive power of the first-order logic in groups (or rings, or arbitrary structures). I will discuss this problem and its connections with the weak second order logic and bi-interpretability.

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